ATTO XstreamCORE®
Installation and Operation Manual

ATTO XstreamCORE FC 7550
16-Gigabit Quad Fibre Channel to 12-Gigabit SAS intelligent Bridge

ATTO XstreamCORE FC 7600
32-Gigabit Dual Fibre Channel to 12-Gigabit SAS intelligent Bridge

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ATTO XstreamCORE Overview

The ATTO XstreamCORE 7550/7600 is an intelligent Bridge that connects multiple shelves of SAS and SATA JBOD storage and virtualizes it to a Fibre Channel SAN Connection.

The ATTO XstreamCORE FC 7550/7600 allows IT departments to architect storage systems with the flexibility to use standard interface off-the-shelf storage hardware with increased bandwidth and low latency levels which improve performance and response. As a Data Center building block, the 7550/7600 allows IT managers to architect their storage solution on their terms, avoiding vendor lock-in with modularity at each layer. The 7550/7600 is used to aggregate and virtualize storage on a SAN (Storage Area Network) and has undergone qualifications with industry leading storage and SAN infrastructure products. The 7550/7600 is easily integrated into IT infrastructures, providing lower operational costs with tools like Drive Map Director™ and XstreamVIEW™.

ATTO XstreamCORE FC 7550 features, benefits

The ATTO XstreamCORE FC 7550 is a 16-Gigabit Quad Fibre Channel to 12-Gigabit SAS intelligent Bridge configured with four independent 16Gb Fibre Channel ports and four 12Gb x4 SAS connectors.

Designed to integrate industry-leading performance and SAN capabilities into the future generation of storage solutions, the XstreamCORE FC 7550 uses a high-performance architecture suited for OEMs looking to incorporate SAS or SATA disk storage devices in their Fibre Channel SAN.

- Four independent 16Gb Fibre Channel ports which auto-negotiate to 4Gb, 8Gb or 16Gb Fibre Channel
- Ability to aggregate up to 4 hosts without an external switch
- SFP+ Fibre Channel modules included
- Dual Power Supply
- Integrated xCore Acceleration Processor
- Data Mover technology
- Integrated eCORE Offload Processor
- SpeedWrite™ technology improves write performance to tape drives by up to 20% over SAS tape drives connected via SAS HBAs
- Full support for FC-Fs, FCP-3
- Support for direct connect to F-port switches
- Four independent 12Gb SAS/SATA x4 mini-SAS HD connectors which auto-negotiate to 3Gb, 6Gb or 12Gb
- Automatic LUN Mapping
- Patented Drive Map Director™ reduces operating expense by auto-configuring storage
- 6,000 MB/s throughput for 256KB transfers
- 1,100,000 IOPS for 4KB read transfers and 700,000 IOPS for 4KB write transfers
- XstreamVIEW™ integrated management console for remote configuration, management and diagnostic capabilities
- Supports SAS/SATA hard disk drives, SSDs, optical devices (DVD, CD) and Tape
- Supports Host Group Mapping
ATTO XstreamCORE FC 7600 features, benefits

The ATTO XstreamCORE FC 7600 is a 32-Gigabit Quad Fibre Channel to 12-Gigabit SAS intelligent Bridge configured with two independent 32Gb Fibre Channel ports and four 12Gb x4 SAS connectors.

Designed to integrate industry-leading performance and SAN capabilities into the future generation of storage solutions, the XstreamCORE FC 7600 uses a high-performance architecture suited for OEMs looking to incorporate SAS or SATA disk storage devices in their Fibre Channel SAN.

- Two independent 32Gb Fibre Channel ports which auto-negotiate to 8Gb, 16Gb or 32Gb Fibre Channel
- Ability to aggregate up to 2 hosts without an external switch
- SFP+ Fibre Channel modules included
- Dual Power Supply
- Data Mover technology
- Integrated eCORE Offload Processor
- SpeedWrite™ technology improves write performance to tape drives by up to 20% over SAS tape drives connected via SAS HBAs
- Full support for FC-Fs, FCP-3
- Support for direct connect to F-port switches
- Four independent 12Gb SAS/SATA x4 mini-SAS HD connectors which auto-negotiate to 3Gb, 6Gb or 12Gb
- Automatic LUN Mapping
- Patented Drive Map Director™ reduces operating expense by auto-configuring storage
- 6,000 MB/s throughput for 256KB transfers
- 1,100,000 IOPS for 4KB read transfers and 700,000 IOPS for 4KB write transfers
- XstreamVIEW™ integrated management console for remote configuration, management and diagnostic capabilities
- Supports SAS/SATA hard disk drives, SSDs, optical devices (DVD, CD) and Tape
- Supports Host Group Mapping
The ATTO XstreamCORE FC 7550 is a high-performance intelligent Bridge which adds 16-Gigabit Quad Fibre Channel connectivity to 12-Gigabit SAS or SATA storage devices.

The XstreamCORE FC 7550 is available in an industry-standard 1U form factor for easy integration into racks.

**Dimensions**

**Width:** 17 inches  
**Length:** 11 inches  
**Height:** 1.7 inches (1U)  
**Weight:** approximately 10 pounds

**Cooling and airflow**

**Operating temperature:** 5-40 °C external  
**Humidity:** 10-90% non-condensing

Air enters from the front and is exhausted out the connector side. Ambient air near the inlets should not exceed 40°C. The unit automatically stops operation if the temperature goes beyond this threshold.  

⚠️ **CAUTION** Do not block the enclosure’s vents. The XstreamCORE does not allow data transfer if overheating occurs.

**Power**

The XstreamCORE FC 7550 features two hot swappable power supplies and can be operated with only a single power supply inserted. Each power supply has a standard IEC320 power receptacle and cooling fan. The power requirements of the ATTO XstreamCORE FC 7550 plus the power draw of other equipment in the rack must not overload the supply circuit and or wiring of this rack.

**Input voltage:** 100-240VAC; 1A; 50/60Hz.

**Fibre Channel ports**

The quad independent 16Gb/s Fibre Channel ports connect the XstreamCORE FC 7550 to Fibre Channel hosts using optical SFP+ connectors and multimode fiber optic cable. Make sure all cables are anchored securely at both ends with the proper connectors.

**SAS/SATA ports**

The four (x4) 12Gb/s SAS/SATA connectors connect storage devices into the Storage Area Network (SAN) using mini-SAS HD cable plug connectors.

**Management ports**

Management is provided using the dual 100/1000BASE-T Ethernet ports accessible from two right angle RJ-45 connectors, or the RS-232 serial header console port accessible from the serial RJ-45 connector.

**LED indicators**

LED indicators can be viewed from the connector side and the front side of the XstreamCORE FC 7550.

**LEDs on the connector side are:**

- **Power Supplies:** One LED for each supply. Blue indicates ON and ready, while blinking Red indicates an unplugged or failed supply.  
- **Ready/Alert:** On one shared LED a lit green means ready, yellow indicates an alert condition.

**Ethernet port connectors:** A green LED embedded in each Ethernet port connector indicates Link/Activity, where green solid indicates link, blinking indicates activity and OFF means no link is present. A second green LED embedded in each Ethernet port connector indicates connection speed, where green solid indicates either a 100MbE or 1000MbE connection.

**Fibre Channel port:** A lit green LED indicates link, and OFF means no link. FC Port LEDs are below the SFP connectors.

**SAS/SATA device:** SAS LEDs are located below the mini-SAS HD connector. A lit green LED indicates a link has been established on at least one PHY, and OFF means there are no links.

**LEDs on the faceplate are:**

- **Power Supplies:** One LED for each supply. Green indicates ON while amber indicates an unplugged or failed supply.  
- **Ready:** A lit green LED indicates ready, and OFF indicates not ready.
- **Alert:** A lit yellow LED indicates an alert condition.

⚠️ **Note** If both power supplies are on and both LEDs are yellow at the same time, this indicates a bad status connection. Status harnesses may not be connected.

**Power:** A lit green LED indicates power has been turned ON to the intelligent Bridge.

**Ready:** A lit green LED indicates ready, and OFF indicates not ready.

**Alert:** A lit yellow LED indicates an alert condition.
**Fibre Channel Port Activity:** A lit green FC port activity LED indicates FC traffic on the port, and OFF indicates no port activity.

**Fibre Channel Port Speed:** A bi-color FC port speed LED is lit as follows: Yellow = 16Gb/s, Green = 8Gb/s, and OFF = 4Gb/s.

**SAS/SATA Device Activity:** A lit green LED for each SAS connector indicates port activity on at least one PHY.

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**Exhibit 1 7550 Connectors, LEDs and power receptacle on the connector side.**

**Exhibit 2 7550 LEDs on the faceplate.**
The ATTO XstreamCORE FC 7600 is a high-performance intelligent Bridge which adds 32-Gigabit Dual Fibre Channel connectivity to 12-Gigabit SAS or SATA storage devices.

The XstreamCORE FC 7600 is available in an industry-standard 1U form factor for easy integration into racks.

**Dimensions**

*Width:* 17 inches  
*Length:* 11 inches  
*Height:* 1.7 inches (1U)  
*Weight:* approximately 10 pounds

**Cooling and airflow**

*Operating temperature:* 5-40 °C external  
*Humidity:* 10-90% non-condensing

Air enters from the front and is exhausted out the connector side. Ambient air near the inlets should not exceed 40°C. The unit automatically stops operation if the temperature goes beyond this threshold.

**CAUTION** *Do not block the enclosure’s vents. The XstreamCORE does not allow data transfer if overheating occurs.*

**Power**

The XstreamCORE FC 7600 features two hot swappable power supplies and can be operated with only a single power supply inserted. Each power supply has a standard IEC320 power receptacle and cooling fan. The power requirements of the ATTO XstreamCORE FC 7600 plus the power draw of other equipment in the rack must not overload the supply circuit and or wiring of this rack.

*Input voltage:* 100-240; VAC 1A; 50/60Hz.

**Fibre Channel ports**

The dual independent 32Gb/s Fibre Channel ports connect the XstreamCORE FC 7600 to Fibre Channel hosts using optical SFP+ connectors and multimode fiber optic cable. Make sure all cables are anchored securely at both ends with the proper connectors.

**SAS/SATA ports**

The four (x4) 12Gb/s SAS/SATA connectors connect storage devices into the Storage Area Network (SAN) using mini-SAS HD cable plug connectors.

**Management ports**

Management is provided using the dual 100/1000BASE-T Ethernet ports accessible from two right angle RJ-45 connectors, or the RS-232 serial header console port accessible from the serial RJ-45 connector.

**LED indicators**

LED indicators can be viewed from the connector side and the front side of the XstreamCORE FC 7600.

LEDs on the connector side are:

**Power Supplies:** One LED for each supply. Blue indicates on and ready, while blinking Red indicates an unplugged or failed supply.  
**Ready/Alert:** On one shared LED a lit green means ready, yellow indicates an alert condition.

**Ethernet port connectors:** A green LED embedded in each Ethernet port connector indicates Link/Activity, where green solid indicates link, blinking indicates activity and OFF means no link is present. A second green LED embedded in each Ethernet port connector indicates connection speed, where green solid indicates either a 100MbE or 1000MbE connection.

**Fibre Channel port:** A lit green LED indicates link, and OFF means no link. FC Port LEDs are located next to the SFP connectors.

**SAS/SATA device:** SAS LEDs are located below the mini-SAS HD connector. A lit green LED indicates a link has been established on at least one PHY, and OFF means there are no links.

LEDs on the faceplate are:

**Power Supplies:** One LED for each supply. Green indicates on and ready while amber indicates an unplugged or failed supply.

**Note** *If both power supplies are on and both LEDs are yellow at the same time, this indicates a bad status connection. Status harnesses may not be connected.*

**Power:** A lit green LED indicates power has been turned ON to the intelligent Bridge.  
**Ready:** A lit green LED indicates ready and OFF to show not ready.  
**Alert:** A lit yellow LED indicates an alert condition.
**Fibre Channel Port Activity:** A lit green FC port activity LED indicates FC traffic on the port, and OFF indicates no port activity.

**Fibre Channel Port Speed:** A bi-color FC port speed LED is lit as follows: Yellow = 32Gb/s, Green = 16Gb/s, and OFF = 8Gb/s.

**SAS/SATA Device Activity:** A lit green LED for each SAS connector indicates port activity on at least one connector.

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**Exhibit 3 7600 Connectors, LEDs and Power Receptacle on the Connector Side.**

**Exhibit 4 7600 LEDs on the Faceplate.**
Install the XstreamCORE

If you have not already completed the instructions on the Quick Start page packed with your XstreamCORE, use the following instructions to install the XstreamCORE.

Unpack the packing box; verify contents

- The XstreamCORE.
  - Record the serial number, default username, and default password located on the bottom of the unit:
    - S/N: _____________________________
    - Default Username: __________________
    - Default Password: ___________________
  The username and password are needed to access XstreamVIEW, SSH, and SFTP services via the Ethernet management ports.

  **Note** During the first login to XstreamVIEW or SSH, the XstreamCORE will prompt you to change the unit’s default password.

- Power cords
- “L” brackets for mounting in a 19” rack
- Ethernet cable
- RS-232 cable

Install the XstreamCORE

1. Place the XstreamCORE on a stable flat surface or install it into a standard rack.
2. If installing into a rack, attach the brackets to both sides of the XstreamCORE enclosure. Then install the XstreamCORE assembly horizontally within the rack so it does not reduce the air flow within the rack.

   **EXHIBIT 5 ATTACH RACK MOUNTING BRACKETS TO XSTREAMCORE**

   **EXHIBIT 6 INSTALL XSTREAMCORE INTO A RACK.**

3. Connect the host computer by connecting the cable to FC port 1, 2, 3, or 4.
4. Connect target devices by connecting SAS cables to SAS connector A, B, C or D.
5. Power up the target devices.
6. Connect the Ethernet port to your network.
7. Connect the AC power cords from the XstreamCORE to the proper AC source outlets.

  **Note** Power is automatically supplied to the 7550/7600 when plugged into an AC outlet.

  **CAUTION** The power source must be connected to a protective earth ground and comply with local electrical codes. Improper grounding may result in an electrical shock or damage to the unit. Also, be aware that this unit is powered on once a power source is connected. Make sure the power supply module is fully inserted before applying power. Failure to do so may cause injury or damage the unit.

If you are using a rack:

- a. Properly ground the XstreamCORE to the rack equipment. The earth ground connection must be maintained.
- b. The power requirements plus the power draw of the other equipment in the rack must not overload the supply circuit and/or wiring of the rack.

8. Wait for the XstreamCORE Ready LED to light, indicating that the XstreamCORE has completed its power-on self test sequence.

Installation and Removal of Power Supply Modules

1. To remove a power supply module, first remove the power cord.
2. Press the side latch inward and pull out on the handle
3. To install a power module, insert module until you hear the latch click.

  **Note** Handle and latch should be on top.

4. Install power cord.

  **CAUTION** Remove the power source before removing the power supply module. Failure to do so may cause injury or damage the unit.
Discover the IP address with QuickNAV (Windows and Linux)

*Note*  
The XstreamCORE is initially configured with DHCP enabled. It is best if you have access to a DHCP server.

*Note*  
For Linux, make sure the file permissions are set to executable after downloading.

1. Power on your system and log in as a user with proper administrative privileges from the computer attached to the XstreamCORE Ethernet management port on the same domain.
2. Go to [www.atto.com](http://www.atto.com).
3. Select *Downloads* from the *Support* menu.
4. Register or log in if previously registered.
5. Select *Intelligent Bridges* from the product list.
6. Select your model.
7. From the table, find your Operating System.
8. Click on the entry for the QuickNAV™ utility.
9. Select a download destination and allow the download to complete. Double-click the downloaded QuickNAV™ file to install onto your operating system, and launch the program.
10. Select the network interface for QuickNAV discovery. Click *Next*.
11. Locate the XstreamCORE with the serial number recorded earlier.
12. Highlight the serial number.
13. Click *Next*.

If a DHCP server is available on your network, an address is assigned automatically by the server. Note the assigned address: _____________________________________, and click on *Launch Browser*. Your browser points to the ATTO XstreamVIEW splash screen. If you use Internet Explorer as a browser, continue on to *Internet Explorer setup* below. If not, continue on to *Begin Initial Configuration*.

If you do not have a DHCP server, click on *Next*, get an IP address and subnet mask from your network administrator, type it into the area provided, and click on *Next*.

*Note*  
XstreamCORE supports the Google Chrome, Firefox and Microsoft Edge browsers

14. Click on *Reboot Now*. Wait up to two minutes for the XstreamCORE Ready LED to light indicating the XstreamCORE has completed its power-on self-test sequence.
15. Launch your browser and navigate to the IP address received from your network administrator. Your browser points to the ATTO XstreamVIEW™ splash screen.

**Begin initial configuration**

1. The XstreamVIEW™ interface welcome screen appears. Click on *Enter Here*.

2. Type in the user name and password.

*Note*  
The default user name and password values can be found on the bottom of the unit.

The user name is case insensitive and the password is case sensitive. It is best practice to change the default user name and password. Refer to *Modify passwords*.

During the first login to XstreamVIEW or SSH, the XstreamCORE will prompt you to change the unit’s default password. After the new password is accepted, the unit will reboot. Wait up to two minutes for the XstreamCORE Ready LED to light indicating the XstreamCORE has completed its power-on self-test sequence. Re-launch your browser and navigate to the correct IP address. Your browser points to the ATTO XstreamVIEW™ welcome screen. Type in the user name and password.

**Security Certificates**

*Certificate, Keys, and PEM file*

The XstreamCORE controller uses a certificate (aka. Public key) that is provided to devices on a network to authenticate the controller to them. The HTTPS, SSH, and SFTP servers in the controller expects to have access to a PEM (Privacy Enhanced Mail) file containing the keypair (certificate and its associated private key) necessary to provide access. The initial keypair PEM file has been generated by the controller. Note that the private key is only seen by the controller.
Keypair regeneration

The PEM file containing the keypair is regenerated by the controller if:

1. It expires. This will be noted in the XstreamCORE event log. Additionally, the approaching expiration of the keypair is logged one month prior to its expiration.
2. The IP configuration of an Ethernet port changes. The certificate used on the controller uses the IP configurations of the Ethernet ports (but not the DNS name of the controller). If an Ethernet port IP configuration changes, the keypair will be regenerated to reflect the change.
3. User-provided certificate attributes change.

In all cases, since it is the controller that generates the keypair, the certificate within will be self-signed. This will result in a client web browser warning advisement when a connection attempt is made to the controller.

Note: Even if an externally signed certificate is present on the XstreamCORE, a self-signed certificate will be generated to replace it if the conditions met above are met.

Uploading a keypair PEM file

If a self-signed certificate is not desirable, an externally-signed certificate and its associated private key can be uploaded to the controller. The file containing this keypair must meet several requirements:

1. It must be named httpspem.pem.
2. It must be in the PEM format.
3. The contents of the file must include both the certificate and the private key.
4. It must not be encrypted (if generated via OpenSSL's "req" command, specify "-nodes").
5. The private key must be an RSA private key.
6. The certificate must be SHA256 signed.
7. The certificate must have the same attributes as the controller displays in the "get HttpsCertParams" command (see below).

The file format should appear as follows (note that the actual contents have been abbreviated):

-----BEGIN PRIVATE KEY-----
MIIEvgIBADANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAASCBKgwggSkAgEAAAoIBAQDaJU8liMAIZREs... <snip>
uU0m3t4sxrOLF5WarwTYQWKE
-----END PRIVATE KEY-----
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
MIIDjCCAgggAwIBAgIJANYizZ6isr/gMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBCwUA
MDoxCzAJBgNV
... <snip>
/GAqjDXDoFdpHrHGExToI9AP1VxRReo+J/L9eb+CuOE/EPFaHipM=

-----END CERTIFICATE-----

Keypairs may be uploaded via the “Certificate Management” page of the XstreamVIEW interface.

CLI commands available for the user

1. HTTPSCertInfo: This command displays certificate information to the console, including IP addresses associated with the keypair PEM file, the expiration date, attributes, and algorithms used. Example output:

Certificate:
Data:
Version: 3 (0x2)
Signature Algorithm: sha256WithRSAEncryption
Issuer: ST = NY, L = Getzville, O = AttoTechnology
Validity
Not Before: Feb 4 18:32:13 2019 GMT
Not After: Feb 4 18:32:13 2020 GMT
Subject: ST = NY, L = Getzville, O = AttoTechnology
X509v3 extensions:
X509v3 Basic Constraints:
CA:FALSE
X509v3 Key Usage:
Digital Signature, Non Repudiation, Key Encipherment
X509v3 Subject Alternative Name:
IP Address:10.40.0.31

-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
MIIDjCCAgggAwIBAgIJANYizZ6isr/gMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBCwUA
MDoxCzAJBgNV
... <snip>
-----END CERTIFICATE-----

2. HttpsCertParams: Displays and configures the certificate’s attributes, including State (ST), Locality (L), and Organization (O) attributes (as shown in the example above). These attributes may also be set via the Certificate Management page in the XstreamVIEW web interface.
EXHIBIT 7 CERTIFICATES AND PEM FILE UPLOAD – USEFUL FOR SETTING CERTIFICATE ATTRIBUTES OR UPLOADING A PEM FILE IF A SELF-SIGNED CERTIFICATE IS NOT DESIRABLE.
Configure the XstreamCORE

To configure the ATTO XstreamCORE, use the ATTO XstreamVIEW™ System Manager GUI. Default values are appropriate for most configurations, but may be modified.

The best way to access the XstreamCORE to view and change settings is to use ATTO XstreamVIEW™ System Manager, a browser-based graphical interface. Other methods are also available. Refer to Interface Options.

Help is available from within XstreamVIEW™ by clicking on the text indicating each setting. For more information on any of these parameters, refer to the specific CLI command in Command explanations.

To change mapping, refer to Map Devices.

To use Email notification or SNMP, refer to Remote Monitoring, Management.

You may make changes to several pages before going to the Restart page and restarting the XstreamCORE to save the changes.

Preliminary steps

1. If you are not already in the XstreamVIEW™ interface, type the IP address of your XstreamCORE in a standard browser as found in Using XstreamVIEW™ System Manager, click Enter Here, type in your user name and password, and click OK.
2. The Status page appears. Check default settings to ensure they are appropriate for your configuration. Use the individual pages listed on the side menu to make setting changes or to configure features.

Port configurations

1. Follow the Preliminary steps.
2. Click on the port you wish to configure on the left hand menu: Ethernet, Serial Port or Fibre Channel.
3. Select the parameters you wish to change.
4. Click Submit.
5. If you have completed all changes for this session, go to the Restart page and restart the intelligent Bridge.

Modify passwords

1. Follow the Preliminary steps.
2. From the side menu select Controller. The intelligent Bridge Configuration page is displayed. The Administrator user name that you are currently logged in with and the current read only user name, if present, are displayed in their text boxes.
3. Enter the Administrator (Admin) password where indicated.
4. Enter appropriate information into the New Admin Password, Confirm New Admin Password or New Read Only Password and Confirm New Read Only Password text boxes.
5. Click Submit.
6. If you have completed all changes for this session, go to the Restart page and restart the XstreamCORE.
Map Devices

After getting an IP address and logging into the ATTO XstreamVIEW™ System Manager, you have options to map devices so that the XstreamCORE can access the devices in your network.

The ATTO XstreamCORE allows parallel SAS/SATA devices to participate in a Fibre Channel arbitrated loop or on a fabric. Fibre Channel and SAS/SATA use different models to address devices. The XstreamCORE translates between these addressing models.

**XstreamCORE mapping**

**WWN:**

To identify each Fibre Channel device while addressing, each Fibre Channel device is assigned a unique World Wide Name (WWN). The 64-bit WWN has the following format:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>WWN Format</th>
<th>Company ID</th>
<th>Device ID</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Byte</td>
<td>0 1</td>
<td>2 3 4</td>
<td>5 6 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Value</td>
<td>20 00</td>
<td>00 10 86</td>
<td>xx xx xx</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SAS/SATA device mapping**

SAS/SATA devices connected to the XstreamCORE are viewed as Fibre Channel LUNs to the host computer.

The ATTO XstreamVIEW™ interface displays the current mapping information for SAS/SATA devices. Refer to [Interface Options](#).

*Note: SCSI commands sent to offline devices are rejected.*

**Drive Map Director™**

Drive Map Director uses SMP to provide a predictable mapping structure for devices attached to the XstreamCORE FC 7550 and XstreamCORE FC 7600. To use this feature, drive enclosures must support SAS expanders with SMP protocol such as the HP StorageWorks SAS JBODs. If SMP supporting expanders are not present in your storage system the XstreamCORE will revert to the AutoMap feature (see [Automap devices](#)).
Drive Map Director assigns a Fibre target number to each shelf of storage and a Fibre LUN is reserved for each slot within the enclosure. This numbering scheme is static and will remain with the shelf and slot location whenever a drive or shelf is added or removed. This allows maps to remain the same when shelves or drives need to be swapped out due to failure and remain consistent during power cycles of the XstreamCORE.

1. If you are not already in the XstreamVIEW™ interface, type the IP address of your XstreamCORE in a standard browser as found in Using XstreamVIEW™ System Manager, click Enter Here, type in your user name and password, and click OK.

2. The Status page appears.

3. From the XstreamVIEW™ main menu, click on the Mapping menu item on the left side of the screen.

4. The Mapping page appears. If your storage supports SMP, the XstreamVIEW™ System Manager will display mapping information for your devices.

5. Click AutoMap.

6. All the commands necessary to enable mapping are performed.

Note gap in LUNs, reserved for drives not currently installed in enclosure

If your devices do not support SMP you will be able to use the AutoMap feature to map your storage devices.
Remote Monitoring, Management

The Ethernet port provides monitoring and management using the XstreamVIEW™ System Manager.

Remote system monitoring may be set up through the **Remote Management** page of the XstreamVIEW™ interface (see [XstreamVIEW System Manager](#)) using the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) or Email features.

Various types of problems may create a notification:

- Device errors such as medium error, aborted command and hard error
- Device transitions from online to offline
- Critical and warning temperature conditions
- Power supply status conditions

Messages may state that a device is not working, a medium has an error, or a command has been stopped.

You may designate which warning level a recipient receives. For example, a recipient with a critical severity level only receives critical messages and not warning or informational messages.

In both monitoring systems, you select the warning levels for each recipient:

- **All**: all warnings, critical events and informational messages
- **Warning**: events which are either warnings or critical events
- **Critical**: only events which are critical
- **None**: no messages are sent

**Exhibit 8 The Remote Management page in the XstreamVIEW™ System Manager**

SNMP-based monitoring
The Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) facilitates the exchange of management information between network devices.

An agent residing in the XstreamCORE takes information from the XstreamCORE and translates it into a form compatible with SNMP.

Note Consult your network administrator for further assistance with SNMP.

SNMP Agent Setup

1. If you are not already in the XstreamVIEW™ Interface, type the IP address of your XstreamCORE in a standard browser as found in Using XstreamVIEW™ System Manager, click Enter Here, type in your user name and password, and click OK.
2. On the left-hand menu, click Remote Management.
3. The Remote Management page appears.
4. Click on the enabled radio button next to the SNMP heading.
5. Click on the appropriate radio buttons for SNMP Traps and SNMP Extended Traps.
6. SNMP Traps and SNMP Extended Traps are notifications for SNMP functions such as device transitions and device errors.
7. Enter a SNMPv3 Username.

Note This username and password are separate from the Administrator and Read-Only credentials set in the Modify Password section of the manual. The SNMPv3 credentials are only used for SNMPv3.

8. Enter and confirm a SNMPv3 Password.
9. Enter the IP addresses of those who should receive messages (SNMP trap recipients) in the text boxes on the left.
10. Select the type of message you wish each recipient to receive from the drop down box next to each address.
11. Click Submit.

SNMP Client Setup

The SNMPv3 client configuration method will depend on your client, but the following information will be needed:

1. The username and password entered above in the Remote Management page.
2. The SNMPv3 Engine ID from the Remote Management page.
3. The XstreamCORE management IP address.
4. The XstreamCORE uses AES as its SNMPv3 privacy protocol, and SHA as its SNMPv3 authentication protocol.

Note SNMPv3 trap handlers will require the same information as the client.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Severity Level</th>
<th>Extended Traps disabled</th>
<th>Extended Traps enabled</th>
<th>Explanation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aborted Command</td>
<td>Warning</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>A command has been aborted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Device Transition</td>
<td>Info</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>A target device has failed, become offline or come online.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fibre Channel Loop Down</td>
<td>Info</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>A loop down event on a Fibre Channel port has occurred.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fibre Channel Loop Up</td>
<td>Info</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>A loop up event on a Fibre Channel port has occurred.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hardware Error</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>An unrecoverable target device failure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Illegal Request</td>
<td>Info</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>An illegal SCSI request has been attempted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium Error</td>
<td>Warning</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>A command terminated with an error condition that may have been caused by a flaw in the target device’s physical medium or its recorded data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power Supply Down</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>A power supply has powered down or was down after unit power-up.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature</td>
<td>Info</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>The unit’s internal temperature has increased or decreased to within standard operating ranges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature</td>
<td>Warning</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Unit’s internal temperature has increased to at or within the unit’s maximum operating temperature less the unit’s temperature warning offset or decreased to at or within the unit’s minimum operating temperature plus the unit’s temperature warning offset.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Unit’s internal temperature has increased to at or above the maximum operating temperature or decreased to at or below the minimum operating temperature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unit Attention</td>
<td>Info</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>A unit attention condition has occurred.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unit Power On</td>
<td>Info</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>The unit has been powered up.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Email messages provide error notification

Email notification allows the XstreamCORE to send an Email message to you, a network administrator or other users when certain events occur. Serious error messages are sent immediately, while messages for less serious errors are sent every 15 minutes.

You may send Emails to up to five Email addresses and designate which conditions prompt each Email notification.

When an event that has been designated as requiring Email notification occurs, the XstreamCORE sends the message; it cannot respond to a rejection by a server for an invalid address. Ensure all Email addresses typed in are valid.

Each Email is time stamped when it leaves as part of the SMTP header information as shown in Exhibit 9 below.

1. If you are not already in the XstreamVIEW™ interface, type the IP address of your XstreamCORE in a standard browser as found in Using XstreamView™ System Manager, click Enter Here, type in your user name and password, and click OK.
2. On the left-hand menu, click Remote Management.
3. The Remote Management page appears.
4. Click on the enabled radio button next to the Email Notification heading.
5. Type in the SMTP Server IP address.
6. Type in the user name and password of your SMTP Email account if your server requires it.
7. Type in the sender address (Emails show this name in the From field).
8. Type in up to five Email addresses.
9. Choose All, Warning, or Critical for each Email address.
10. When all information is typed in, click Submit.

EXHIBIT 9 The Email messages sent by the XstreamCORE follow this format.

Subject: [The Type of Event that Occurred]

Message Body:

This is a status message from [XstreamCORE name]. Identifying information as well as the most recent entries from the event log appear below.

*************** Unit Information ***************

Serial Number : [Serial Number]

IP Addresses: [IP Address1]

[IP Address2]

*************** Event Log Entries ***************
Update Firmware

The ATTO XstreamCORE has several processors which control the flow of data. The firmware to control these processors can be upgraded in the field using the PUT command from an SFTP connection. The preferred method is to use ATTO XstreamVIEW™ System Manager.

**Note** The recommended method for updating firmware for the XstreamCORE is the Firmware Update page in the ATTO XstreamVIEW™ interface.

The XstreamCORE firmware is distributed as a .zbd file from the ATTO Technology web site at [www.atto.com](http://www.atto.com). Download the file and note the filename.

**Using XstreamVIEW™**

1. If you are not already in the XstreamVIEW™ interface, type the IP address of your XstreamCORE in a standard browser as found in [Using XstreamVIEW™ System Manager](#), click Enter Here, type in your user name and password, and click OK.

   **Note** The default user name and password values can be found on the bottom of the unit. The user name is case insensitive and the password is case sensitive. It is best practice to change the default user name and password. Refer to [Modify passwords](#).

   During the first login to XstreamVIEW or SSH, the XstreamCORE will prompt you to change the unit’s default password. After the new password is accepted, the unit will reboot. Wait up to two minutes for the XstreamCORE Ready LED to light indicating the XstreamCORE has completed its power-on self-test sequence. Re-launch your browser and navigate to the correct IP address. Your browser points to the ATO XstreamVIEW™ welcome screen. Type in the user name and password.

   **Note** You can access XstreamVIEW from the Ethernet management ports.

2. Click on the **Firmware Update** menu item on the left-hand side of the page.

   - The **Firmware Update** page appears. Click the **Choose File** button to locate the firmware that you downloaded earlier.
   - Select the file.
   - Click **Upload**.
   - Wait until a success message is displayed.
   - Click on the **Restart** button at the bottom of the page.

**Using SFTP**

1. Establish an SFTP link to the storage controller that is to be flashed.

   **Note** The storage controller SFTP server is at port 20, not the default port 22.

   **Note** The storage controller only supports one session at a time. If your client uses multiple simultaneous sessions to accelerate data transfer, the SFTP link will not work correctly.

2. As an example, using OpenSSH, the connection would be made with the following command where username is the username set in [Modify passwords](#), and x.x.x.x is the IP address of the XstreamCORE.

   ```
   sftp -P 20 username@x.x.x.x
   ```

3. Enter your password when prompted.

4. Once logged in, upload the zbd file using the “put” command:

   ```
   Put c:\firmware\xc7600_4_00_265F.zbd
   ```

5. Once the upload is complete, check the XstreamCORE log to verify successful upload using the `DumpEventLog` command.

6. If the upload and firmware update were logged as successful, cycle power on the XstreamCORE using the `FirmwareRestart` command to apply the new firmware.
Interface Options

Alternative methods to the ATTO XstreamVIEW™ Interface may be used to manage the XstreamCORE. ATTO XstreamVIEW System Manager is the recommended interface. Access XstreamVIEW using standard browsers Google Chrome, Firefox, and Microsoft Edge.

Using XstreamVIEW™ System Manager

Each page in the ATTO XstreamVIEW™ System Manager provides information and/or configuration parameters based on a specific topic.

ATTO XstreamVIEW™ is the recommended management tool for the XstreamCORE. It is a web-based graphical user interface (GUI) that allows you to manage the XstreamCORE by clicking choices and commands in traditional GUI fashion or by entering CLI commands directly.

Opening an XstreamVIEW™ session

1. Point your browser at the IP address of the XstreamCORE. Refer to Discover the IP address.
2. The XstreamVIEW™ home page is displayed. Click Enter.
3. Enter the user name and password values. The Status Page appears.

Note: The default user name and password values can be found on the bottom of the unit.

The user name is case insensitive and password is case sensitive. It is best practice to change user names and passwords. Refer to Modify passwords.

During the first login to XstreamVIEW, the XstreamCORE will prompt you to change the unit’s default password. After the new password is accepted, the unit will reboot. Wait up to two minutes for the XstreamCORE Ready LED to light indicating the XstreamCORE has completed its power-on self-test sequence. Re-launch your browser and navigate to the correct IP address. Your browser points to the ATTO XstreamVIEW™ welcome screen. Type in the user name and password.

Each page can be reached through the menu at the side of each page. An image on each page’s header shows each port in the product faceplate. Each port is clickable and takes you to the appropriate page.

If you have completed configuration operations and have clicked Submit on the page you are viewing, go to the Restart page and restart the XstreamCORE to save the settings.

If you have not completed configuration changes, go on to the next page.

Using the serial port

3. Connect a cable from XstreamCORE RS-232 serial port to the serial (COM) port on a personal computer.
3. Turn on the XstreamCORE.
4. Start a terminal emulation program on the personal computer, and use it to connect to the XstreamCORE. For example, if you are using HyperTerminal on a computer running a Windows operating system, type XstreamCORE in the New Connection dialog box.
5. Click OK.
6. In the Connect To dialog box, for the Connect using field, select the COM port number to which your serial cable is connected.
7. Click OK.
8. In the COM Properties dialog box select the following values:
   - Bits per second: 115200
   - Data Bits: 8
   - Parity: None
   - Stop Bits: 1
   - Flow Control: None
   - Terminal type: ASCII
   - Echo: on

9. Click OK.
10. After you connect to the XstreamCORE, start-up messages are displayed. These messages are only displayed when the controller is starting up (power is connected to the controller but the Ready LED indicator is not yet lit). If the Ready LED indicator is lit before the user connects the serial cable or starts/sets up the terminal program, you will need to press Enter to receive a Ready message prompt.
11. In serial port sessions, there is no prompt on the line below the word Ready. Begin typing commands in the blank line where the cursor is resting. No user name or password is required for serial port access.
12. To verify that you have connected successfully, type `help` after the Ready prompt and press `Enter`.

   ![Note] If a list of all available commands does not appear on the screen, review the steps in this section, check the cable, or contact service personnel until the problem is solved.

### Using SSH

Up to two SSH sessions can be conducted simultaneously. A serial port session can use the CLI while SSH sessions are open. Whichever session issues the first `set` CLI command can continue to issue set commands, while the other sessions can only issue `get` commands or display information. Once a connection is established, refer to [CLI provides ASCII-based Interface](#).

#### Making an SSH connection

1. Start an SSH client.

   ![Note] There is more than one way to connect to the XstreamCORE using an SSH client. Your SSH client may operate differently than in the following instructions.

2. In your SSH client, connect to the XstreamCORE. As an example, using OpenSSH, the connection would be made with the following command where `username` is the username set in Modify passwords, and `x.x.x.x` is the IP address of the XstreamCORE.

   ```
   ssh username@x.x.x.x
   ```

3. Enter your password.

4. To quit an SSH session, type `exit`
Appendix A Cabling

ATTO XstreamCORE SAS connections connect SAS or SATA storage devices into the Ethernet Storage Area Network (SAN). Use an Ethernet connection to use the ATTO XstreamVIEW™ System Manager.

Make sure all cables are anchored securely at both ends with the proper connectors.

SAS/SATA connections

The XstreamCORE supports a wide variety of SAS & SATA storage devices.

- **Note** The lengths in the table are for passive copper cables

Each SAS connection is totally independent from the other SAS connections. SAS PHY auto-negotiates the appropriate sync rates with the connected devices. Check the type of cable, cable length limit and number of devices recommended for each port.

Keep cable lengths as short as possible to ensure the highest signal quality and performance. These cable lengths include the wiring inside the devices.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Connectors</th>
<th>Max Cable Length</th>
<th>Max Speed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SFF8644 - SFF8644</td>
<td>6m</td>
<td>12Gb/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SFF8644 - SFF8088</td>
<td>10m</td>
<td>6Gb/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SFF8644 - SFF8087</td>
<td>1m</td>
<td>6Gb/s</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fibre Channel management connection

Fibre Channel technology offers a variety of cabling options. The type of cable required varies depending upon the application, environment, distance, and product.

- **Note** Long wave operation requires long wave SFP+ modules (not supplied).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cable Type</th>
<th>32Gb/s</th>
<th>16Gb/s</th>
<th>8Gb/s</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>62.5 µm OM1</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>15m</td>
<td>21m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 µm OM2</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>35m</td>
<td>50m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 µm OM3</td>
<td>70m</td>
<td>100m</td>
<td>150m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 µm OM4</td>
<td>100m</td>
<td>125m</td>
<td>190m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long wave, Single Mode</td>
<td>10,000m</td>
<td>10,000m</td>
<td>10,000m</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Ethernet Management Connection

The 100/1000BASE-T Ethernet ports provide remote monitoring and management using the ATTO XstreamVIEW™ System Manager.

When you connect an Ethernet cable between the XstreamCORE and a 100/1000BASE-T connection, you may need a crossover cable connecting directly to a computer. The ATTO XstreamCORE auto detects the Ethernet speed by default.

Note It is recommended to use a good quality Cat 5e or better cable

Serial port connection

The ATTO XstreamCORE supports remote service operations over the RS-232 serial port using standard terminal emulation software available with most systems.

Connect a RJ45 to DB-9 serial cable (null modem) between the ATTO XstreamCORE serial port and one of the computer’s serial COM ports.

A gender changer or DB-9 to DB-25 converter may be needed depending on the cables being used.
Appendix B CLI Provides ASCII-based Interface

The command line interface (CLI) provides access, configuration, and monitoring for ATTO XstreamCORE services through a set of ASCII commands. CLI commands may be entered through a serial port connection, active telnet session, or the Advanced page on the XstreamVIEW GUI.

- CLI commands are context sensitive and generally follow a standard format:
  [Get|Set] Command [Parameter1|Parameter2] followed by the return or enter key
- CLI commands are case insensitive: you may type all upper or all lower case or a mixture. Upper and lower case in this manual and the help screen are for clarification only.
- Commands generally have three types of operation: get, set and immediate.
- The get form returns the value of a parameter or setting and is an informational command.
- Responses to get commands are followed by Ready.
- The set form is an action that changes the value of a parameter or configuration setting. It may require a SaveConfiguration command and a restart of the system before it is implemented. The restart can be accomplished as part of the SaveConfiguration command or by using a separate FirmwareRestart command. A number of set commands may be issued before the SaveConfiguration command.
- Responses to set commands are either an error message or Ready. * The asterisk indicates you must use a SaveConfiguration command to finalize the set command. SaveConfiguration asks if you want to restart the system or not.
- Immediate commands are set commands which are executed right away and do not require a Save Configuration command.
- Responses to Immediate commands are either an error message or data results followed by Ready.

## Command conventions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Indicates</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>Required entry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt; &gt;</td>
<td>Optional entry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>...</td>
<td>Ellipses, repetition of preceding item</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>\n</td>
<td>end of line</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>a range (6 – 9 = 6, 7, 8, 9)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fl</td>
<td>Fibre Channel LUN (0 &lt;= fl &lt;= 4096)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fp</td>
<td>Fibre Channel port number (1 &lt;= fp &lt;= 4 (7550) or 2 (7600))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sasConn</td>
<td>SAS connector name (A, B, C, D)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mp</td>
<td>Ethernet Management port number (1 &lt;= mp &lt;= 2)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**EXHIBIT 16** Symbols, typefaces and abbreviations used to indicate functions and elements of the command line interface used in this manual.
**CLI Error Messages**

The following error messages may be returned by the Command line Interface

- **ERROR. Invalid Command.** Type 'Help' for command list.
- **ERROR. Wrong/Missing Parameters**
- **Usage: <usage string>**
- **ERROR. Command Not Processed**

**CLI Summary Reference**

A summary of the Command Line Interface commands, their defaults, and where you can find the specific command. Commands which have no default values associated with them have a blank entry in that column of the table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AutoMap</td>
<td>automap</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BootFibreDelay</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>set bootfibredelay 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ClearCLIlog</td>
<td>ClearCLIlog</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ClearEventLog</td>
<td>cleareventlog</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ControllerLUN</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>get controllerlun</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ControllerModel</td>
<td></td>
<td>get controllermodel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ControllerName</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
<td>set controllername Omega6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CoreDumpInfo</td>
<td>CoreDumpInfo</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DataMoverStats</td>
<td></td>
<td>get DataMoverStats all</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td></td>
<td>set date 03/03/2003</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DeleteAllMaps</td>
<td></td>
<td>deleteallmaps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DisplayInitiators</td>
<td></td>
<td>DisplayInitiators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DumpCLIlog</td>
<td>DumpCLIlog</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DumpConfiguration</td>
<td></td>
<td>dumpconfiguration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DumpEventLog</td>
<td></td>
<td>dumpeventlog</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EmailFromAddress</td>
<td></td>
<td>get emailfromaddress</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EmailNotify</td>
<td>disabled</td>
<td>get emailnotify</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EmailNotifyAddress</td>
<td></td>
<td>set emailnotifyaddress 5 <a href="mailto:bw@abc.com">bw@abc.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EmailPassword</td>
<td></td>
<td>set emailpassword</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EmailServerAddress</td>
<td>0.0.0.0</td>
<td>get emailserveraddress</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EmailUsername</td>
<td></td>
<td>set emailusername beta321</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EthernetSpeed</td>
<td>auto</td>
<td>set ethernetspeed 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Command</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EthPortList</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exit</td>
<td>exit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FCCorePresent</td>
<td>FCCorePresent</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FCDataRate</td>
<td>auto get fcdatarate 1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FCLUNName</td>
<td>FCLUNName all</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FCPortErrors</td>
<td>get fcporterrors all</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FCPortList</td>
<td>fcpportlist</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FCSCSIBusyStatus</td>
<td>busy get fcsccibusystatus</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FCSFPInfo</td>
<td>get fcspinfo all</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FCWWName</td>
<td>get fcwwname 1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FirmwareRestart</td>
<td>firmwarerestart</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FlashImages</td>
<td>flashimages</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Help</td>
<td>help automap</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HGAddInitiator</td>
<td>HGAddInitiator TestGroup 2000001086A6C440</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HGAddLUN</td>
<td>HGAddLUN TestGroup 5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HGCreate</td>
<td>HGCreate TestGroup</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HGDelete</td>
<td>HGDelete all</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HGDisplay</td>
<td>HGDisplay all</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HGInitiatorName</td>
<td>Get HGInitiatorName TestGroup all</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HGMapping</td>
<td>disable get HGMapping</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HGRemoveInitiator</td>
<td>HGRemoveInitiator TestGroup 2000001086A6C440</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HGRemoveLUN</td>
<td>HGRemoveLUN TestGroup 5</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>HGRename</td>
<td>HGRename TestGroup SuperTestGroup</td>
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<td>HttpsCertInfo</td>
<td>HttpsCertInfo</td>
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<td>HttpsCertParams</td>
<td>Country (C) = &quot;&quot; State (ST) = &quot;&quot; Locality (L) = &quot;&quot; Organization (O) = &quot;&quot; Organization Unit (OU) = &quot;&quot; Common Name (CN) = &quot;&quot; get HttpsCertParams</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>Value</td>
<td>Command</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>IdentifyController</td>
<td>disabled</td>
<td>set identifycontroller enabled</td>
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<tr>
<td>IdentifyLUN</td>
<td></td>
<td>IdentifyLUN 10</td>
</tr>
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<td>Info</td>
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<td>info</td>
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<td>IPAddress</td>
<td>10.0.0.1</td>
<td>get ipaddress mp1</td>
</tr>
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<td>IPDHCP</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>set ipdhcp mp1 disabled</td>
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<td>IPDNSServer</td>
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<td>get ipdnsserver</td>
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<td>IPGateway</td>
<td>0.0.0.0</td>
<td>set ipgateway mp1 200.10.22.3</td>
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<td>IPI SubnetMask</td>
<td>255.255.0.0</td>
<td>get ipsubnetmask mp1</td>
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<tr>
<td>IPV6Prefix</td>
<td>128</td>
<td>Set ipv6prefix 64</td>
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<td>IsReserved</td>
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<td>Licenses</td>
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<td>MaxOpTemp</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>get maxoptemp</td>
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<tr>
<td>MinOpTemp</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>set minoptemp 10</td>
</tr>
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<td>OEMConfigFile</td>
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<td>OpTempWarn</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>set optempwarn 15</td>
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<tr>
<td>Password</td>
<td></td>
<td>set password</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance</td>
<td></td>
<td>get performance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ping</td>
<td></td>
<td>ping mp1 192.42.155.155</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ReadOnlyPassword</td>
<td>P@SSw0rd</td>
<td>set readonlypassword</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ReadOnlyUsername</td>
<td>admin</td>
<td>get readonlyusername</td>
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<tr>
<td>Reserve</td>
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<td>resetfcportleterrors 1</td>
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<td>RestoreConfiguration</td>
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<td>restoreconfiguration default</td>
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<td>RouteDisplay</td>
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<td>routedisplay fc</td>
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<tr>
<td>SASConnectorInfo</td>
<td></td>
<td>get sasconnectorinfo all</td>
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<tr>
<td>SASEnclosures</td>
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<td>sasenclosures 1</td>
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<td>SASMapByTopology</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>setsasmapbytopology enabled</td>
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<td>SASPortList</td>
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<td>SASTargets</td>
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<td>saveconfiguration restart</td>
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<td>SerialNumber</td>
<td></td>
<td>get serialnumber</td>
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<td>SerialPortBaudRate</td>
<td>115200</td>
<td>set serialportbaudrate 19200</td>
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<td>Command</td>
<td>Value</td>
<td>Description</td>
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<tr>
<td>SerialPortEcho</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>get seriallportecho</td>
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<td>SNMP</td>
<td>disabled</td>
<td>set SNMP enabled</td>
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<tr>
<td>SNMPDumpEngineID</td>
<td></td>
<td>SNMPDumpEngineID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNMPDumpMIB</td>
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<td>snmpdumpmib</td>
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<tr>
<td>SNMPExtendedTraps</td>
<td>disabled</td>
<td>get snmpextendedtraps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNMPTrapAddress</td>
<td>0.0.0.0 none</td>
<td>set snmptrapaddress 6 192.42.155.155 all</td>
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<tr>
<td>SNMPTrapTraps</td>
<td>disabled</td>
<td>set snmptraps enabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNMPUsername</td>
<td></td>
<td>Set SNMPUsername bob</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNTP</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>get sntp</td>
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<tr>
<td>SNTPServer</td>
<td>129.6.15.30</td>
<td>set sntpserver 129.6.15.30</td>
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<tr>
<td>StopIdentifyLUN</td>
<td></td>
<td>StopIdentifyLUN all</td>
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<tr>
<td>Temperature</td>
<td></td>
<td>get temperature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time</td>
<td></td>
<td>set time 03:32:30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TimeZone</td>
<td>EST</td>
<td>set timezone pst</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Username</td>
<td>admin</td>
<td>set username Barbara</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VerboseMode</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>set verbosemode disabled</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Command explanations**

**AutoMap (Supported In-Band)**

*Automatically maps a subset of target devices visible to the firmware to a set of Fibre Channel LUNs. All previous maps will be deleted.*

AutoMap

**BootFibreDelay (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)**

*Sets the delay (in seconds) after startup before enabling the Fibre Channel ports. The value "0" constitutes no delay.*

set BootFibreDelay [0-255]

get BootFibreDelay

**ClearCLILog (Supported In-Band)**

*Clears the contents of the CLI command log.*

ClearCLILog

**ClearEventLog**

*ClearEventLog clears the contents of the event log.*

ClearEventLog

**ControllerLUN (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)**

*Controls the automatic generation of a controller device at LUN 0. After enabling or disabling the controller LUN, save configuration and run automap to re-map all devices.*

set ControllerLUN [enabled | disabled]

get ControllerLUN
ControllerModel (Supported In-Band)

Reports the specific model and firmware information to the CLI.

get ControllerModel

ControllerName (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

Provides a descriptive ASCII name assigned to the unit. This field is used by applications to identify individual units. The specified name can be up to a maximum of 32 characters. If the name contains spaces, it must be enclosed in quotation marks. Unlike other non-immediates, changes to ControllerName take effect immediately.

set ControllerName [name]

get ControllerName

CoreDumpInfo (Supported In-Band)

Displays information concerning a core dump stored by a prior fault.

CoreDumpInfo

DataMoverStats (Supported In-Band)

Displays statistics on aggregate data copied by the Data Mover. Shows the previous hour and minute. Use "all" to display statistics over the entire 24 hour period.

get DataMoverStats [all]

Date (Supported In-Band)

Date sets/displays the current date. The date range is 01/01/2000 to 12/31/2099.

set Date [MM/DD/YYYY]

get Date

DeleteAllMaps (OEM Configurable)

Removes all mapped devices from the map table. Upon the subsequent POST, if no maps are present the default maps will be loaded.

DeleteAllMaps

DisplayInitiators (Supported In-Band)

Displays the FC Port world-wide name of the connected initiators.

DisplayInitiators

DumpCLIlog (Supported In-Band)

Dumps the contents of the CLI command log to the current CLI session. The column "EvLog#" is the current Event Log number as seen in DumpEventLog. The keyword "EXCEPT" indicates an exception occurred while processing the command, and the keyword "RESTART" indicates the unit was restarted.

DumpCLIlog <NumEntries | all>

DumpConfiguration (Supported In-Band)

Dumps system's configuration.

DumpConfiguration

DumpEventLog

DumpEventLog can be used to dump the contents of the event log to an RS-232 or SSH session. With no parameters, the last 2048 entries will be displayed. The optional parameter "all" specifies all entries will be displayed. An optional numeric parameter specifies the maximum number of entries to display from the end of the log.

DumpEventLog <NumEntries | all>

EmailFromAddress (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

EmailFromAddress configures the email address that this system will use to talk to the email server. Full email address is a fully qualified Internet email address, not more than 128 characters long.

set EmailFromAddress [full email address]

get EmailFromAddress

EmailNotify (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

EmailNotify turns on and off email notification. Default is disabled.

set EmailNotify [enabled | disabled]

get EmailNotify

EmailNotifyAddress (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

EmailNotifyAddress configures notification addresses. Index is a number between 1 and 5, inclusive. Full email address is a fully qualified Internet email address, not more than 128 characters long. The level can be "all", "informational", "warning", "critical" or "none". This is the minimum level of severity in order for the event to trigger an email notification.

set EmailNotifyAddress [index] [full email address]

[warning level]

get EmailNotifyAddress <index | all>

EmailPassword
EmailPassword sets the password used to authenticate the login to the SMTP email server. The password must not be more than 64 characters. A password is not required if the email server does not require authentication.

set EmailPassword

EmailServerAddress (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

EmailServerAddress configures the address of the server that should be contacted in order to send out emails. Either an IP address or a fully qualified domain (e.g. mail.myserver.com) may be specified.

set EmailServerAddress [IP address]

get EmailServerAddress

EmailUsername (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

EmailUsername sets the username used to authenticate the login to the SMTP email server. The username must not be more than 128 characters. A username is not required if the email server does not require authentication.

set EmailUsername [username]

get EmailUsername

EthernetSpeed (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

EthernetSpeed determines the speed of any Ethernet port(s). If Auto is enabled then the Ethernet speed will be negotiated and the value in parentheses returned by the 'get' command indicates the current speed of the Ethernet connection.

set EthernetSpeed [mp[n]] [10 | 100 | 1000 | auto]

get EthernetSpeed [mp[n] | all]

EthPortList (Supported In-Band)

Lists the available Ethernet ports and their current status. Valid status values are: Up or Down

EthPortList

Exit

Exit terminates the current CLI session over SSH. This command has no effect if used during a serial RS-232 session.

Exit

FCCorePresent (Supported In-Band)

Reports whether a Fibre Channel FW diagnostics core is present in onboard memory.

FCCorePresent

FCDataRate (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

FCDataRate specifies the Fibre Channel data rate (7550: 4/8/16Gb; 7600: 8/16/32Gb) or auto-negotiation to the highest speed (auto).

(7550) set FCDataRate [fp | all] [4Gb | 8Gb | 16Gb | auto]
(7600) set FCDataRate [fp | all] [8Gb | 16Gb | 32Gb | auto]

get FCDataRate [fp | all]

FCLUNName (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

Assigns human-readable names to FC LUNs. Names may be up to 32 characters long and may only contain upper and lower case letters, numbers, underscores, dashes, and spaces. If the name contains spaces, it must be enclosed in quotation marks. All LUN names may be cleared with "set" specifying "all" with a blank name (i.e. ""), or by issuing any of the following commands: DeleteAllMaps, RestoreConfiguration (with the "default" option specified), or SASMapByTopology. Note that issuing the command Automap may result in mismatched LUNs and LUN names.

set FCLUNName [LUN | all] [name]

get FCLUNName [LUN | all]

FCPortErrors (Supported In-Band)

FCPortErrors displays the number of Fibre Channel errors that have occurred since the last reboot/power-on or ResetFCPortErrors command at the Fibre Channel controller level.

get FCPortErrors [fp | all]

FCPortList (Supported In-Band)

FCPortList returns a list of available FC ports and their current status. Valid status values are Up, Down, Failed, Reserved and Disabled.

FCPortList

FCSCSIBusyStatus (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

This option controls reporting of either a 'BUSY' or 'QUEUE FULL' status at a point in time when SCSI commands cannot be accepted.

set FCSCSIBusyStatus [busy | qfull]

get FCSCSIBusyStatus

FCSFPInfo (Supported In-Band)

FCSFPInfo displays information about the specified Fibre Channel SFP.

get FCSFPInfo [fp | all]
FCWWName (Supported In-Band)

FCWWName reports the World Wide Node Name of the Fibre Channel interface referenced.

get FCWWName [fp | all]

FirmwareRestart (Supported In-Band)

FirmwareRestart resets and reinitializes the firmware. Use the 'forced' option to override any CLI reservations held by other sessions.

FirmwareRestart <forced>

FlashImages (Supported In-Band)

Displays the metadata for software images currently stored in the Flash device. The optional parameter "validate" also validates the CRC of the flash images. Note that the CRC validation causes a multi-second delay. The optional parameter "boot" will display the version of the boot image.

FlashImages <validate | boot>

Help (Supported In-Band)

The Help command issued with no parameters displays a list of available CLI commands. When a CLI Command name is specified, a command usage string and command description is presented on the CLI.

Help [command name]

HGAddInitiator (Supported In-Band)

Adds an initiator to an existing Host Group. WWN specifies the world-wide name of the FC Port to be added to the Host Group; the CLI command “DisplayInitiators” can be used to display connected initiators. An optional human-readable name may be assigned to the initiator. Names may be up to 32 characters long and may only contain upper and lower case letters, numbers, underscores, dashes, and spaces. If the name contains spaces, it must be enclosed in quotation marks.

HGAddInitiator [HostGroupName] [WWN] <name>

HGAddLUN (Supported In-Band)

Adds a LUN to an existing Host Group. The CLI command “RouteDisplay FC” can be used to display attached LUNs.

HGAddLUN [HostGroupName] [LUN]

HGCreate (Supported In-Band)

Creates a new empty Host Group. HostGroupName is an ASCII name for the Host Group comprised of 32 characters or less (only alpha-numeric characters, dashes, and underscores allowed). A Host Group will expose specified LUNs to specified initiators. To add a LUN to a Host Group use the CLI command "HGAddLUN" and to add a host to a Host Group use the CLI command "HGAddInitiator".

HGCreate [HostGroupName]

HGDelete (Supported In-Band)

Deletes an existing Host Group.

HGDelete [HostGroupName | all]

HGDisplay (Supported In-Band)

Displays Host Group status information for the specified Host Group, or for all Host Groups.

HGDisplay [HostGroupName | all]

HGInitiatorName (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

Assigns plaintext names to initiators. Names may be up to 32 characters long and may only contain upper and lower case letters, numbers, underscores, dashes, and spaces. If the name contains spaces, it must be enclosed in quotation marks. Names may be cleared with "set" and specifying a blank name (i.e. '"").

set HGInitiatorName [HostGroupName] [WWN | all] [name]

get HGInitiatorName [HostGroupName] [WWN | all]

HGMapping (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

Changes the system’s ability to expose specific LUNs to specific initiators or to expose all LUNs to all initiators.

set HGMapping [enabled | disabled]

get HGMapping

HGRemoveInitiator (Supported In-Band)

Deletes an initiator from an existing Host Group. The CLI command “DisplayInitiators” can be used to display connected initiators.

HGRemoveInitiator [HostGroupName] [WWN]

HGRemoveLUN (Supported In-Band)

Removes a LUN from an existing Host Group. The CLI command “RouteDisplay FC” can be used to display attached LUNs.

HGRemoveLUN [HostGroupName] [LUN]

HGRename (Supported In-Band)

 Renames an existing Host Group. HostGroupName must be comprised of 32 characters or less. Only alpha-numeric characters, dashes, and underscores are allowed.

HGRename [PrevHostGroupName] [NewHostGroupName]

HttpsCertInfo (Supported In-Band)

Displays information about the current HTTPS certificate.

HttpsCertInfo
HttpsCertParams (Supported In-Band)
Displays or sets the attributes used to generate the HTTPS certificate. All attributes are optional. C is Country with a fixed length of 2 characters. ST is State with a max length of 128 characters. L is Locality with a max length of 128 characters. O is Organization with a max length of 64 characters. OU is Organization Unit with a max length of 64 characters. CN is Common Name with a max length of 64 characters. If the attribute contains spaces or commas, it must be enclosed in quotation marks. Changes made to the HTTPS attributes will take effect on reboot.

set HttpsCertParams [C | ST | L | O | OU | CN] [nn...nn]
get HttpsCertParams

IdentifyController (Supported In-Band)
IdentifyController causes the 'Alert' LED to blink to enable identification of this system. Disable this option to cancel the blinking.

set IdentifyController [enabled | disabled]
get IdentifyController

IdentifyLUN (Supported In-Band)
Lights the LED(s) of disk drive(s) associated with one or more FC LUNs.

Info (Supported In-Band)
Info displays version numbers and other product information for key components. Use the optional 'brief' parameter to show a more concise subset of system information.

Info <brief>

IPAddress (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)
IPAddress controls the current IP address of any Ethernet port(s). If IPDHCP is enabled, then the 'get' command reports the current IP address assigned by the network DHCP server, followed by the (DHCP) identifier.

set IPAddress [mp[n] | all] [[xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx] | [IPv6-compatible address] <Prefix length>]
get IPAddress [mp[n] | all]

IPNetMask (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)
IPNetMask controls the current subnet masks used by any Ethernet port(s). If IPDHCP is enabled, the 'get' command reports the current IP subnet mask assigned by the network DHCP server.

set IPNetMask [mp[n]] [xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx]
get IPNetMask [mp[n] | all]

IPV6Prefix (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)
Controls the current IPv6 prefix (1-128) of any Ethernet port(s).

set IPV6Prefix [mp[n]] [Prefix length]
get IPV6Prefix [mp[n] | all]

IsReserved (Supported In-Band)
IsReserved displays the reservation status of the current services session/interface.

IsReserved

 Licenses
Displays the system's collection of relevant open source licenses.

 Licenses

MaxOpTemp (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)
Regulates/displays the maximum enclosure temperature alarm of the XstreamCORE in degrees Celsius. If the temperature of the XstreamCORE rises above the maximum MaxOpTemp, thermal control event handling occurs.

set MaxOpTemp [75-90]
get MaxOpTemp
MinOpTemp (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)
Regulates/displays the minimum enclosure temperature alarm of the XstreamCORE in degrees Celsius.

set MinOpTemp [0-15]
get MinOpTemp

OEMConfigFile (Supported In-Band)
Returns the “name” (the contents of the first record) of the OEM configuration file stored in persistent memory.

get oemconfigfile

OpTempWarn (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)
Regulates/displays the number of degrees in Celsius before a warning is sent to the user.

set OpTempWarn [0-15]
get OpTempWarn

Password
Specifies the password used for all sessions: SSH, SFTP and XstreamVIEW. The password must be 8 to 32 characters long, must contain at least one numeric character {0-9}, and may not contain the following: {space,tab,'\',;}.

set Password
get Password

Performance (Supported In-Band)
Returns system performance data. Data consists of the average rate (MB/s) and number of I/Os (IO/s) measured over the previous sampling period (approximately one second). Successful SCSI Read (28h, 88h, A8h) and Write (2Ah, 8Ah, AAh) commands are considered I/Os. Factors that may affect reported performance include port availability and saturation, transfer size, target device speeds, and overall system utilization.

get Performance

Ping
Sends an ICMP echo request to the specified host.

Ping [mp[n]] [IP Address]

ReadOnlyPassword
Specifies the password used for all sessions: SSH, SFTP and XstreamVIEW. The password must be 8 to 32 characters long, must contain at least one numeric character {0-9}, and may not contain the following: {space,tab,'\',;}.

setReadOnlyPassword
get ReadOnlyPassword

ReadOnlyUsername (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)
Specifies the username used for all sessions: SSH, SFTP and XstreamVIEW. Username must be all lowercase, 1 to 32 characters long, start with an alphabetical character, and may only contain the following: {a-zA-Z,0-9,-,_,.}.

set ReadOnlyUsername
get ReadOnlyUsername

RestoreConfiguration (Supported In-Band)
Restores configuration to either the default configuration or the configuration last saved into non-volatile memory. The saved option undoes any changes made since the last save.

RestoreConfiguration [Default | Saved]

RouteDisplay (Supported In-Band)
Displays a list of Fibre Channel to SCSI address mappings on the XstreamCORE.

RouteDisplay FC

SASConnectorInfo (Supported In-Band)
SASConnectorInfo displays information about the specified SAS connector. Valid connector names are A through D.

get SASConnectorInfo [sasConn | all]

SASEnclosures (Supported In-Band)
Displays a list of attached enclosures. If no arguments are specified, only the enclosure summary table is displayed. If PHYID is specified, this displays connection details for active PHYs. If SlotMap is specified, device details for enclosure slots are displayed. EncIdx displays details for the specified enclosure.

SASEnclosures < [PHYID | SlotMap] <EncIdx> >
SASMapByTopology (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

SASMapByTopology specifies how target devices are mapped to LUNs. When enabled, LUNs are numbered based on the SAS topology, with gaps where there are open slots. When disabled, LUNs are assigned to devices as they are discovered, which may change over time.

set SASMapByTopology [enabled | disabled]
get SASMapByTopology

SASPortList (Supported In-Band)

Lists the status of all available SAS ports.

SASPortList

SASTargets (Supported In-Band)

Lists the physical devices that are connected to all SAS ports.

SASTargets

SaveConfiguration (Supported In-Band)

Many commands require a SaveConfiguration command to be executed as indicated by the return Ready. * When you invoke a SaveConfiguration command, the current configuration is permanently saved in the XstreamCORE and the new configuration becomes the active configuration. If a firmware restart is required to make the requested change permanent, you are asked to confirm the restart. You can override this request by indicating the override value on the command line. You may make several changes through commands before implementing the restart, but once you have restarted the XstreamCORE, all the command changes created before the restart and save are implemented. If you select the restart option, the XstreamCORE executes its complete start up cycle.

SaveConfiguration <Restart | NoRestart>

SerialPortEcho (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

Control/reports the status of the display of keyboard input. When enabled, all non-control character keyboard input is output to the display. Local ASCII terminal (or terminal emulator) echo settings should be set to disabled while using SerialPortEcho enabled.

set SerialPortEcho [enabled | disabled]
get SerialPortEcho

SNMP (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

Enables or disables SNMP functionality.

set SNMP [enabled | disabled]
get SNMP

SNMPDumpEngineID

Dumps the SNMPv3 EngineID of this device.

SNMPDumpEngineID

SNMPDumpMIB (Supported In-Band)

Dumps the contents of the specified private SNMP MIB to the current CLI session. If no parameter is specified, the Controller private MIB is dumped. For further assistance with SNMP, consult your network administrator.

SNMPDumpMIB <Controller | Product | SMI | TC>

SNMPExtendedTraps (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

Enables and disables Extended (i.e., Device Error) SNMP trap functionality.

set SNMPExtendedTraps [enabled | disabled]
get SNMPExtendedTraps

SNMPTrapAddress (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

Sets and displays IP Trap Addresses and Trap Levels. "Index" is a value from 1 to 6. "IP Address" is the host that wishes to receive traps. "Level" is the severity level required to trigger a trap: "None", "All", "Warning" (all warning and critical traps shall be sent), "Critical" (only Critical events shall trigger a trap).

set SNMPTrapAddress [index] [IP address] [level]
get SNMPTrapAddress <index | All>

SNMPTraps (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

Enables/disables SNMP trap functionality. Consult your network administrator for further assistance with SNMP.

set SNMPTraps [enabled | disabled]
get SNMPTraps

SerialPortBaudRate (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

SerialPortBaudRate configures the baud rate for the RS-232 serial port. The number of data bits per character is fixed at 8 with no parity.

set SerialPortBaudRate [ 9600 | 19200 | 38400 | 57600 | 115200]
get SerialPortBaudRate

SNMPTrapAddress (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

Sets and displays IP Trap Addresses and Trap Levels. "Index" is a value from 1 to 6. "IP Address" is the host that wishes to receive traps. "Level" is the severity level required to trigger a trap: "None", "All", "Warning" (all warning and critical traps shall be sent), "Critical" (only Critical events shall trigger a trap).

set SNMPTrapAddress [index] [IP address] [level]
get SNMPTrapAddress <index | All>

SNMPTraps (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

Enables/disables SNMP trap functionality. Consult your network administrator for further assistance with SNMP.

set SNMPTraps [enabled | disabled]
get SNMPTraps
SNMPUsername

Sets the SNMPv3 username and password or displays the SNMPv3 username. The username must be 1 to 32 characters long, and may only contain the following: {a-zA-Z,0-9}. The password must be 8 to 32 characters long, and may only contain the following: {a-zA-Z,0-9}. SNMP must be enabled to run this command. This command takes 10-15 seconds to complete.

SNMPUsername

SNTP (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

SNTP controls whether SNTP time server functionality is enabled.

set SNTP [enabled | disabled]

get SNTP

SNTPServer (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

SNTPServer sets/displays the IP addresses used to retrieve the SNTP time. Index range is 1-3 indicating the server slot to set/display. Enter 0.0.0.0 to disable a time server slot.

set SNTPServer [Index] [IP address]

get SNTPServer <Index | All>

StopIdentifyLUN (Supported In-Band)

Stops lighting the LED(s) of disk drive(s) associated with one or more FC LUNs.

StopIdentifyLUN [LUN | all]

Temperature (Supported In-Band)

Displays the current internal temperature of the XstreamCORE in degrees Celsius.

get Temperature

Time (Supported In-Band)

Sets/displays the current time in a 24-hour format. If SNTP is enabled and at least one ethernet port is connected to a reachable SNTP time server, the time is retrieved from one of the configured SNTP time servers, and manual attempts to change the time will have no effect. If SNTP is disabled or SNTP server synchronization is not possible, the system time starts from XstreamCORE's last known system time stamp, and the time may be changed manually.

set Time [HH :MM :SS]

get Time

TimeZone (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

Sets/displays the time zone or an offset from GMT. GMT offset must be in the format +/-HH:MM

set TimeZone [[EST | CST | MST | PST] | [[+|-][HH]:[MM]]]

get TimeZone

Uptime (Supported In-Band)

Returns the time [days hrs:min:sec] since the last reboot.

get Uptime

Username (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

Specifies the username used for all sessions: SSH, SFTP and XstreamVIEW. Username must be all lowercase, 1 to 32 characters long, start with an alphabetical character, and may only contain the following: {a-z,0-9,-,_,.}.

set Username [username]

get Username

VerboseMode (OEM Configurable, Supported In-Band)

Controls the level of feedback returned by the command line interface. Disabling this option removes CLI Help command descriptions and removes CLI command display headers and parameter names from get and immediate commands.

set VerboseMode [enabled | disabled]

get VerboseMode
Appendix D Standards and Compliances 7550

The equipment described in this manual generates and uses radio frequency energy. If this equipment is not used in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instruction, it can and may cause interference with radio and television reception.

 Regulatory Notices

FCC Notices (US only)

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures: • Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna. • Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver. • Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected. • Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help. Modifications not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate the equipment under FCC rules.

Compliance with ICES-003

This Class A digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

Compliance with EN Regulations

Marking by the symbol indicates compliance of this ATTO device to the EMC Directive and the Low Voltage Directive of the European Union.

The ATTO XstreamCORE FC 7550/7600 complies with Directive 2011/65/EC on the Restriction of the Use of Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment RoHS2 (recast) and take the following exemptions:

6(c) - Copper allot containing up to 4% lead by weight.

7(a) - Lead in high melting temperature type solders (i.e. lead based alloys containing 85% by weight or more lead).

7(c) - Electrical and electronic components containing lead in a glass or ceramic other than dielectric ceramic in capacitors, e.g. piezoelectronic devices, or in glass or ceramic matrix compound.

15 - Lead in solders to complete a viable electrical connection between semiconductor die and carrier within integrated circuit flip chip packages.

UL60950-1/CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1

The product has been certified and bears the Mark, as applicable, of the EMC and Product Safety authorities as indicated below:

Safety: TUV 72141224, EN 60950-1, CE, CSA 60950-1, UL 60950-1, CB IEC60950-1 (all national deviations)

Emissions/Immunity: FCC Part 15 Class A, ICES-003, CE - EN55032, EN55024, IEC61000-3-2, IEC61000-3-3
Appendix E Standards and Compliances 7600

The equipment described in this manual generates and uses radio frequency energy. If this equipment is not used in strict accordance with the manufacturer’s instruction, it can and may cause interference with radio and television reception.

Regulatory Notices

FCC Notices (US only)

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures: • Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna. • Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver. • Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected. • Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help. Modifications not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void the user’s authority to operate the equipment under FCC rules.

Compliance with ICES-003

This Class A digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

Compliance with EN Regulations

Marking by the symbol indicates compliance of this ATTO device to the EMC Directive and the Low Voltage Directive of the European Union.

The ATTO XstreamCORE FC 7600 complies with Directive 2011/65/EC on the Restriction of the Use of Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment RoHS2 (recast) and take the following exemptions:

6(c) - Copper allot containing up to 4% lead by weight.

7(a) - Lead in high melting temperature type solders (i.e. lead based alloys containing 85% by weight or more lead).

7(c)-I - Electrical and electronic components containing lead in a glass or ceramic other than dielectric ceramic in capacitors, e.g. piezoelectronic devices, or in glass or ceramic matrix compound.

15 - Lead in solders to complete a viable electrical connection between semiconductor die and carrier within integrated circuit flip chip packages.

UL60950-1/CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1
The product has been certified and bears the Mark, as applicable, of the EMC and Product Safety authorities as indicated below:

**Safety:** CU 72141224 04, EN 60950-1, CE, CSA 60950-1, UL 60950-1, CB IEC60950-1 (all national deviations)

**Emissions/Immunity:** FCC Part 15 Class A, ICES-003, CE - EN55032, EN55024, IEC61000-3-2, IEC61000-3-3
Appendix F Warranty Information

ATTO Technology, Inc. limited warranty

ATTO Technology, Inc. (“ATTO”) warrants to the original purchaser of this product (“Product”) that the Product is free from defects in material and workmanship for the term described for this specific Product on ATTO’s website (www.atto.com). ATTO’s liability shall be limited to replacing or repairing any defective product at ATTO’s option. There is no charge for parts or labor if ATTO determines that this product is defective.

PRODUCTS WHICH HAVE BEEN SUBJECT TO ABUSE, MISUSE, ALTERATION, NEGLECT, OR THOSE PRODUCTS THAT HAVE BEEN SERVICED, REPAIRED OR INSTALLED BY UNAUTHORIZED PERSONNEL WILL NOT BE COVERED UNDER THIS WARRANTY. DAMAGE RESULTING FROM INCORRECT CONNECTION OR AN INAPPROPRIATE APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT SHALL NOT BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF ATTO. LIABILITY UNDER THIS LIMITED WARRANTY IS LIMITED TO ATTO PRODUCT(S). DAMAGE TO OTHER EQUIPMENT CONNECTED TO ATTO PRODUCT(S) IS THE CUSTOMER’S RESPONSIBILITY. THIS LIMITED WARRANTY IS MADE IN LIEU OF ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED. ATTO DISCLAIMS ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE TO THE EXTENT IMPLIED WARRANTIES CANNOT BE EXCLUDED, SUCH IMPLIED WARRANTIES ARE LIMITED IN DURATION TO THE EXPRESS WARRANTY PERIOD APPLICABLE TO THE PRODUCT. BECAUSE SOME STATES OR JURISDICTIONS DO NOT ALLOW LIMITATIONS ON THE DURATION OF IMPLIED WARRANTIES, THE ABOVE MAY NOT BE APPLICABLE. ATTO’S RESPONSIBILITY TO REPAIR OR REPLACE A DEFECTIVE PRODUCT IS THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY PROVIDED TO THE CUSTOMER FOR BREACH OF THIS WARRANTY.

ATTO IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR DAMAGE TO OR LOSS OF ANY DATA, PROGRAMS OR ANY MEDIA. THE PRODUCTS ARE NOT INTENDED FOR USE IN: (I) MEDICAL DEVICES OR THE MEDICAL FIELD; OR (II) USE IN RUGGED APPLICATIONS.

ATTO IS NOT LIABLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, IRRESPECTIVE OF WHETHER ATTO HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. NO ATTO DEALER, AGENT OR EMPLOYEE IS AUTHORIZED TO MAKE ANY MODIFICATION, EXTENSION OR ADDITION TO THIS WARRANTY.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.